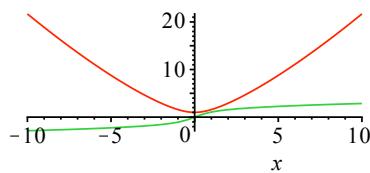


1

```
> e1:=cos(sin(x))^2;
diff(e1,x);
e1 := cos(sin(x))2
-2 cos(sin(x)) sin(sin(x)) cos(x)

> e2:=((x^2+1)^2)^(1/3);
e3:=diff(e2,x);
plot([e2,e3],x);
```

$e2 := ((x^2 + 1)^2)^{1/3}$
 $e3 := \frac{4}{3} \frac{(x^2 + 1)x}{((x^2 + 1)^2)^{2/3}}$



(1.1)

2

```
> e4:=exp(x)*sin(2*x);
int(e4,x);
e4 := ex sin(2 x)
- $\frac{2}{5}$  ex cos(2 x) +  $\frac{1}{5}$  ex sin(2 x)
```

(2.1)

```
> int(int(sqrt(4*x^2-y^2),y=0..x),x=0..1);
Warning, unable to determine if -2*x is between 0 and x; try
to use assumptions or use the AllSolutions option
warning, unable to determine if 2*x is between 0 and x; try
to use assumptions or use the AllSolutions option
```

$\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{9}\pi$

(2.2)

3(a)

```
> with(LinearAlgebra):
> A:=Matrix([[1,1,1],[a,a^2,a^3],[b,b^2,b^3]]);
A :=  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & a^2 & a^3 \\ b & b^2 & b^3 \end{bmatrix}$ 
```

(3.1)

```
> factor(Determinant(A));
-ab(b-1)(-1+a)(a-b)
```

(3.2)

3(b)

> A:=Matrix([[2,-1,1],[-1,2,1],[1,1,2]]);
 $A := \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

(4.1)

> l,V:=Eigenvectors(A);
 $l, V := \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(4.2)

> v1:=Column(V,1);
l[1].v1;
A.v1;

$v1 := \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
 $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
 $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

(4.3)

以下同様

4

```
> restart;
> eq1:={x-2*y=-1,2*x-5*y=-sqrt(6)};
```

(5.1)

```
> s1:=solve(eq1,{x,y});
s1 := {x = -5 + 2\sqrt{6}, y = -2 + \sqrt{6}}
```

(5.2)

```
> eq2:=simplify(subs(s1,(2-abs(x))/abs(y)));
eq2 :=  $\frac{-3 + 2\sqrt{6}}{-2 + \sqrt{6}}$ 
```

(5.3)

```
> expand(denom(eq2)*(2+sqrt(6)));
2
```

(5.4)

```
> expand(numer(eq2)*(2+sqrt(6)));
6 + \sqrt{6}
```

(5.5)

5

```
> restart;
> f:=unapply(1/8*x^2,x);
g:=unapply(-x^2+3*a*x-2*a^2,x);
```

```


$$f := x \rightarrow \frac{1}{8} x^2 \quad (6.1)$$


$$g := x \rightarrow -x^2 + 3ax - 2a^2$$


$$> s1 := solve(f(x) = g(x), x); \quad (6.2)$$


$$s1 := \frac{4}{3}a, \frac{4}{3}a$$


$$> f(s1[1]); \quad (6.3)$$


$$\frac{2}{9}a^2$$


$$> aa := unapply(diff(f(x), x), x); \quad (6.4)$$


$$aa := x \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}x$$


$$> eq2 := expand(subs(x0=s1[1], aa(x0)*(x-x0)+f(x0))); \quad (6.5)$$


$$eq2 := \frac{1}{3}ax - \frac{2}{9}a^2$$


$$> h := unapply(eq2, x); \quad (6.6)$$


$$h := x \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}ax - \frac{2}{9}a^2$$


$$> a := 2; \quad (6.7)$$


$$a := 2$$


$$> plot([f(x), g(x), h(x)], x=0..5);$$


```

